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1	MARC A. LEVINSON (STATE BAR NO. 57613)		
2	malevinson@orrick.com NORMAN C. HILE (STATE BAR NO. 57299)		
3	nhile@orrick.com PATRICK B. BOCASH (STATE BAR NO. 2627	763)	
4	pbocash@orrick.com ORRICK, HERRINGTON & SUTCLIFFE LLP		
5	400 Capitol Mall, Suite 3000 Sacramento, California 95814-4497		
6	Telephone: +1-916-447-9200 Facsimile: +1-916-329-4900		
7	Attorneys for Debtor		
8	City of Stockton		
9	UNITED STATES BA	NKRUPTCY COURT	
10	EASTERN DISTRIC	T OF CALIFORNIA	
11	SACRAMENT	TO DIVISION	
12	In re:	Case No. 2012-32118	
13	CITY OF STOCKTON, CALIFORNIA,	D.C. No. OHS-15	
14	Debtor.	Chapter 9	
15		CITY OF STOCKTON'S OPPOSITION TO MOTION OF FRANKLIN HIGH	
16		YIELD TAX-FREE INCOME FUND AND FRANKLIN CALIFORNIA HIGH	
17		YIELD MUNICIPAL FUND TO	
18		EXCLUDE PORTION OF TESTIMONY OF RAYMOND SMITH	
19	WELLS FARGO BANK, et al.	Adv. No. 2013-02315	
20	Plaintiffs,	Date: May 12, 2014	
21	V.	Time: 9:30 a.m. Dept: Courtroom 35	
22	CITY OF STOCKTON, CALIFORNIA,	Judge: Hon. Christopher M. Klein	
23			
24	Defendant.		
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Pursuant to paragraph 45 of the Order Governing The Disclosure And Use Of Discovery Information And Scheduling Dates Related To The Trial In The Adversary Proceeding And Any Evidentiary Hearing Regarding Confirmation Of Proposed Plan Of Adjustment ("Scheduling Order"), as modified by paragraph 17 of the Order Modifying Order Governing The Disclosure And Use Of Discovery Information And Scheduling Dates Related To The Trial In The Adversary Proceeding And Any Evidentiary Hearing Regarding Confirmation Of Proposed Plan Of Adjustment ("Modifying Order", together the "Orders"), the City of Stockton, California ("City") hereby submits the following Opposition to the Motion of Franklin High Yield Tax-Free Income Fund And Franklin California High Yield Municipal Fund To Exclude Portion Of Testimony Of Raymond Smith (the "Exclusion Motion" filed by "Franklin"):

I. INTRODUCTION

Franklin argues that the City's submission of the Direct Testimony Declaration of Ray Smith¹ is an improper late supplement to Smith's expert rebuttal report.² To the contrary, the Declaration is an *early* offer of testimony that is specifically provided for in the Scheduling and Modifying Orders agreed to by the parties and signed by the Court. Pursuant to those Orders, expert testimony may be offered both by direct testimony declaration and by live testimony at the trial and evidentiary hearing. Franklin plainly understands this to be the case, as it has overtly stated that its own experts will provide additional detailed testimony at trial. Moreover, contrary to Franklin's assertions, the Declaration does not raise any new issues. Each of the items discussed in the Declaration was already raised in the Smith Report, the Chin Report³, and/or the deposition of Frederick Chin. The Declaration is entirely proper, and in fact benefits the Court and Franklin by providing a preliminary synopsis of Smith's testimony weeks before trial. Franklin's attempt to cast Smith's testimony as inadmissible is belied by the plain language of the Scheduling and Modifying Orders, and Franklin's own plans to submit expert testimony at trial.

¹ Direct Testimony Declaration of Ray Smith In Support Of City's Confirmation Of First Amended Plan For The Adjustment Of Debts Of City Of Stockton, California (November 15, 2013) (the "Declaration").

²⁷ Submission By The City Of Stockton Of Rebuttal Expert Report Of Raymond F. Smith (Dkt. No. 43), Ex. A (the "Smith Report")
3 Submission By Franklin High Yield Tax-Free Income Fund And Franklin California High Yield Municipal Fund

³ Submission By Franklin High Yield Tax-Free Income Fund And Franklin California High Yield Municipal Fund Of Expert Report Of Frederick E. Chin (Dkt. No. 26), Ex. 1 (the "Chin Report").

II. ARGUMENT

A. The Declaration Is Timely And Proper Under The Scheduling Order.

The Scheduling Order expressly allows for expert witnesses to offer testimony at trial both by direct testimony declaration and orally at trial. Scheduling Order ¶ 35 ("[E]vidence at the Trial and Hearing may be submitted (a) in written form by declaration, consistent with the Alternate Direct Testimony procedure provided for in Local Rule 9017-1 . . . [and/or] (b) in the form of oral testimony (for expert, rebuttal and impeachment witnesses)."). Franklin is clearly aware of this provision in the Scheduling Order, as evidenced by its own stated intention to have its expert witnesses provide additional testimony at trial. *See*, *e.g.*, Supp. Obj., ⁴ at 13 n. 30 (stating that the expert opinions of Charles Moore "will be developed fully at the confirmation hearing"). However, unlike the City, which has provided Franklin and the Court with a preview of its expert's testimony by submitting a direct testimony declaration, Franklin submitted no direct testimony declarations, and has made clear that it intends to wait until trial to present its expert testimony. So while Franklin accuses the City of preventing Franklin from preparing a rebuttal to said testimony, Franklin is actually the party lying in wait. This is Franklin's prerogative under the Scheduling and Modifying Order, but it cannot be heard to complain on the basis that the City provided its testimony *early*.

Franklin also complains that Smith was not listed on the City's preliminary or "finalized" witness lists, and that Smith was "unknown to Franklin until the City issued the Smith Report on the evening of April 4, 2014." Exclusion Motion, at 3. Of course, Franklin notably omits the fact that rebuttal witnesses were expressly exempted from inclusion on said witness lists, and that the first deadline in the Scheduling and Modifying Orders related to rebuttal experts *was* the submission of rebuttal expert reports. Scheduling Order ¶ 36 and Modifying Order ¶ 5 ("[E]ach party intending to present evidence shall serve on each other Party a list of fact and expert witnesses (*other than rebuttal* and impeachment witnesses) whose testimony the Party may submit at the Trial or Hearing.") (emphasis added); Scheduling Order ¶ 42 ("The requirement of

⁴ Supplemental Objection Of Franklin High Yield Tax-Free Income Fund And Franklin California High Yield Municipal Fund To Confirmation Of First Amended Plan Of Adjustment Of Debts Of City Of Stockton, California (November 15, 2013) ("Supp. Obj.")

advance identification of witnesses and production of exhibits does not apply to witnesses and exhibits presented for purposes of impeachment or rebuttal by any party."); Modifying Order ¶ 8 ("On or before April 4, 2014, each Party intending to present rebuttal expert testimony shall serve and file its rebuttal expert reports."). The City's submission of the Smith Report was thus perfectly timely, despite Franklin's attempts to insinuate otherwise.

Similarly, the Declaration was also timely. The Declaration was submitted, along with the City's other direct testimony declarations, on April 21, 2014, which was the date set in the Modifying Order. Modifying Order ¶ 13. Franklin's claim that Smith's direct testimony was "delinquently" introduced after the deadline for the submission of rebuttal reports and expert depositions is baseless. *See* Exclusion Motion, at 1. The schedule set by the Modifying Order, to which Franklin agreed, required expert rebuttal reports to be submitted on April 4, expert depositions to end April 18, and direct testimony declarations to be filed April 21. Modifying Order ¶¶ 8, 9, 13. Franklin's feigned shock and outrage that the City would follow the established schedule notwithstanding, the Declaration was filed on time, and in accordance with the deadlines set by the Court.

B. The Declaration Does Not Introduce New Issues.

Franklin contends throughout the Exclusion Motion that it is prejudiced because the Smith Report raises a host of "entirely new opinions and conclusions." Exclusion Motion, at 4. This is simply not the case. Every issue and opinion discussed in the Declaration was previously raised either in the Smith Report, or by Franklin's own expert in the Chin Report or at Chin's deposition. Rather than specifically identify the portions of the Declaration that it claims raise brand new issues, the Exclusion Motion, in two successive footnotes, instead simply cites to essentially the entirety of the Declaration without any discussion. Exclusion Motion, at 4 n. 9, 10. A close review of the Declaration, however, reveals that it discusses only previously raised issues.

For instance, the issue of capital improvements and deferred maintenance was referenced in the Chin Report, and Chin's failure to adequately "analyze what capital improvements would be necessary to achieve" the revenue increase Chin projected for the golf courses was raised in the Smith Report. Declaration, ¶¶ 4-8, 12-14; Chin Report, at 19, Smith Report, at 4. The Smith

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Report also raises the Chin Report's inadequate consideration of negative cash flows at the
properties and projected continued losses (Declaration ¶¶ 9-10, 13; Smith Report, at 3; Chin
Report, at 11, 38-39), the need to consider a discounted cash flow analysis and not rely solely or
gross income modifiers (Declaration ¶¶ 16-18; Smith Report, at 5-6; Chin Report, at 38), Chin's
use of an inflated gross income modifier (Declaration ¶¶ 10, 19-20; Smith Report, at 3; Chin
Report, at 38-39), the Chin Report's unsupported and unexplained use of discounts from a fee
simple market value (Declaration ¶ 21-22; Smith Report, at 4; Chin Report, at 42), and the Chin
Report's failure to adequately account for functional obsolescence (Declaration ¶ 23; Smith
Report, at 5; Chin Report, at 8-10). Smith thus has not raised any new issues or "modified" his
testimony.

Franklin also complains that the Declaration contains testimony rebutting statements made by Chin at his deposition, as if this is not precisely what a rebuttal expert is expected to do at trial. Exclusion Motion at 4; *see* Declaration ¶¶ 11-23. Naturally, Smith could not be expected to address Chin's deposition testimony in the Smith Report, because Chin's deposition did not occur until two weeks after that report was filed. Like any rebuttal expert, Smith may counter the deposition testimony of the expert to which he is responding. The time to do that is at trial, and in this case may be done both through live oral testimony and through a direct testimony declaration (which is treated as the equivalent of live oral testimony). Scheduling Order ¶ 35. Here again, Franklin is not prejudiced by the City's choice to offer this evidence *earlier* than required.

C. Franklin Is Not Prejudiced By The Early Provision Of Smith's Testimony.

Finally, Franklin is not improperly prejudiced by the testimony in the Declaration. For one, as previously stated, Franklin will have three weeks to decide how it wishes to respond to Smith's testimony, which is an opportunity the City will not be afforded with the trial testimony of Franklin's experts. Second, because the issues covered in the Declaration were previously raised in the Smith and Chin reports, Franklin was on notice of these issues and had a full opportunity to depose Smith on any and all of those topics.⁵ Lastly, Franklin is not prejudiced by

⁵ Furthermore, as Franklin concedes, the City produced all of Smith's notes on his conversations with golf courses and ice arena personnel, and with Ken Hopper, prior to his deposition. Franklin thus had every opportunity to ask

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1	the timing of the City's submission of the Declaration. The Scheduling and Modifying Orders, to
2	which Franklin agreed, specifically provide for rebuttal experts to offer testimony both through
3	direct testimony declarations and through live testimony. Clearly Franklin would not be able to
4	take discovery on live testimony, so it has no basis for complaining that it cannot re-depose Smith
5	based on his direct testimony declaration, which stands in for live testimony.
6	Franklin's illusory claim of prejudice is nothing more than a backdoor attempt to prevent
7	Smith from pointing out the deficiencies in the Chin Report.
8	III. <u>CONCLUSION</u>
9	For the foregoing reasons, the Exclusion Motion should be denied.
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11	Dated: May 6, 2014 MARC A. LEVINSON NORMAN C. HILE
12	PATRICK B. BOCASH Orrick, Herrington & Sutcliffe LLP
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14	By: /s/ Patrick B. Bocash
15	PATRICK B. BOCASH Attorneys for Debtor
16	City of Stockton
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Smith about the content of those discussions and what Smith had learned. Moreover, nothing prevented Chin from himself communicating with management at the golf courses and ice arena.